PATENT SPECIFICATION

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(54) DENTIFRICE COMPOSITION

	(54) DENTIFRICE COMPOSITION	
5	(71) We, THE LION DENTIFRICE CO. LTD., of 3—7, Honjo 1-chome, Sumida-ku, Tokyo, Japan, a Japanese Company, do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:— This invention relates to a composition for oral use such as a dentifrice. It is known to use flavours of various types blended with medicinal ingredients	5
10	in compositions for oral use, to provide a refreshing feeling. However conventional refreshing agents impart relatively weak and transitive effects. Menthol has been most commonly used as a flavouring agent, however a relatively large amount of menthol is required for providing a satisfactory refreshing sensation. The addition of a too large an amount of menthol causes a bitter taste. Accordingly, the amount of menthol should be limited. When propyleneglycol is	10
15	used for forming a dentifrice composition together with menthol a severe bitter taste is given. Sodium α -olefin sulfonates or sodium alkylsulfates are used for forming a dentifrice composition together with menthol but a severe bitter taste can remain and orange juice tastes bitter after use of the dentifrice. It is an object of this invention to provide dentifrice composition which impart	<u>i</u> 5
20	a pleasing and long lasting refreshing sensation in the mouth. It is another object of this invention to provide dentifrice composition which promotes salivation and a refreshing feeling, and provides analgesic activity caused by local anethetic effect whereby the oral administration such as a tooth brushing can be comfortable, even when the user suffers from toothache. According to the invention there is provided a composition for oral use such	20
25	as a dentifrice, mouthwash or gargle which includes N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide in a suitable base or carrier. The active ingredient can be an essential oil containing N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamides such as the essential oils derived from the plants Spilanthes Acmella Linne var oleaceae Clarke, Spilanthes oleracea Jacquin containing	25
30	Synthesized compounds can be used to form the active ingredient. The active ingredients N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide can be prepared from the abovementioned plants, by extracting the dry grass or the flower heads, which are rich in the active ingredient, with ether, then separating ether from the extracts by	30
35	distillation and removing volatile components from the oleoresin residue by steam distillation. The residue can be extracted with ethylalcohol and the insoluble impurities removed. The alcohol can then be stripped off and the product extracted with ether and then the ether stripped off and the residue saponified with 10% alcoholic potassium hydroxide so as to decompose the oil and fat impurities.	35
40	the resulting alcoholic solution can then be diluted with a large amount of water and finally extracted with ether to obtain the active ingredient. The N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide or essential oil containing the same can be incorporated in a desirable base to form a composition for oral use such as a dentifrice, mouth-wash or gargle.	40
45	It is preferable to combine N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide with another flavouring agent especially menthol, in an amount of 0.01—10.0% by weight especially 0.1—5.0% by weight of the total flavouring agent. It is especially preferable to combine 1 part by weight of N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide with 1—1000 parts especially 50—500 parts by weight of menthol.	45
50	Peppermint essential oil can be used to provide menthol. Other flavours such	50

	Composition (by weight)					
Ingredient	1	2	3	4	5	6
Calcium hydrogen phosphate	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%
Na carboxymethyl cellulose	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Na dodecenesulfonate	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	_	_
Na lauryisulfate	-	_	-	-	2.0	2.0
Glycerin	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Propyleneglycol	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Saccharin	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Menthol	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Gambir	-	0.2	-	_	_	-
Ginger	0.2	_	_	-	0.2	0.2
Zanthoxylum		_	0.2	_	-	<u> </u>
N-isobutyl-2,6,8- decatrienamide	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Water	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.	q.v.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

The compositions 1-6 were tested by 20 panel members who were well trained.

The panel tests were conducted by a conventional sense testing method. All of the panel members felt long lasting time refreshing feeling and no bitter taste. When N-isobutyl decatrienamide is removed from the dentifrice composition, all of the panel members felt a bitter taste.

In accordance with the compositions for oral use of this invention wherein Nisobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamides in purified essential oils of Spilanthes Acmella Linne var oleraceae Clarke and Spilanthes oleracea Jacquin, etc., are incorporated in a desirable base of the compositions for oral use, the following advantages are found.

 The refreshing feeling can be remarkably increased.
 The duration of the refreshing feeling can be remarkably prolonged. (3) When a combination of spilanthol and menthol is employed, the

characteristics of menthol can be enhanced.

(4) A local anesthetic property can be provided without providing an astringent taste during tooth brushing, thereby allowing comfortable and effective mouth washing and tooth brushing even when the user suffers from toothache. Accordingly, it can be used for a medication by a dentist.

(5) The refreshing sensation is not accompanied by any bitter taste. (6) Salivation is promoted so that the appetite is improved.

(7) No bitter taste from the combination of menthol and propyleneglycol is found.

(8) No bitter taste from the combination of menthol and sodium olefinsulfonate is found.

(9) No metallic taste is felt when gambir, ginger or zanthoxylum are combined.

Certain specific examples of this invention are hereafter given for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to be limiting. All parts and percents are shown by weight.

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	Flavouring comp				
	Formulation:	Menthol	40	parts	
		N-isobutyl-2,6,8-		purto	
£		decatrienamide Anethole	0.5	14	
5		Carvon	10	"	5
		Methyi salicylate	20 20	11	
		Ginger	10	11	
	Flavouring comp	osition (2):			
10	Formulation	Menthol	30	parts .	
10		N-isobutyl-2,6,8-	50	parts .	10
		decatrienamide	0.3	**	10
		Anethole	15	**	
15		Carvon Methyl salicylate	20 30	**	
15		Zanthoxylum	2	**	15
		•	_	"	1.5
	Tooth-paste:	Exan	nple 1.		
	Calcium hydro	ten nhoenhate	50.0%	50.00	
20	Na—C.M.C.	Sou buospirate	1.0	50.0% 1.0	20
	Na dodecensuli	fonate	1.5	1.5	20
	Glycerin	.1	20.0	20.0	
	Propyleneglyco Saccharin) <u>i</u>	5.0 0.1	5.0	
25	Flavouring Cor	nposition (1)	2.0	0.1	25
	Flavouring Cor	nposition (2)	=	2.0	23
	Water		q.v	q.v.	
			ad. 100.0	ad. 100.0	
		Exan	nple 2.		
30	Tooth-paste:		-		30
	Calcium hydrog	m metaphosphate	30.0%	30.0%	-
	Irish moss	ch phosphate	20.0 1.3	20.0 1.3	
	Liquid sorbitol		30.0	30.0	
35	Propyleneglyco		5.0	5.0	35
	Na octadecensi Saccharin	liionate	2.0	2.0	•
	Flavouring Con	nposition (1)	0.1 2.0	0.1	
	Flavouring Con	nposition (2)		2.0	
40	Water		q.v.	q.v.	40
			ad. 100.0	ad. 100.0	
	Tarah	Exam	ple 3.		
	Tooth-paste: Calcium carbon	ate	A5 00:	45.00	
45	NaC.M.C.	410	45.0% 1.2	45.0% 1.2	45
	Liquid sorbitol		25.0	25.0	43
	Propyleneglycol	l ulfamata	5.0	5.0	
	Na-hexadecensi Saccharin	monate	1.5	1.5	
50	Flavouring Con	position (1)	0.15 1.4	0.15	50
	Flavouring Con	position (2)	_	1.4	50
	Water		q.v.	q.v.	
			ad. 100.0	ad. 100.0	
				.	

The tooth paste of the Examples 1—3, respectively have a good taste and give the described refreshing sensation and the mild local anesthetic property.

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	WHAT WE CLAIM IS:— 1. A composition for oral use such as a dentifrice, mouthwash or gargle which includes N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrienamide in a suitable base or carrier. 2. A composition as claimed in claim 1 which includes menthol.	
5	3. A composition as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 which includes propylene-	5
	glycol.	
	4. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which includes a sodium	
	olefinsulfonate. 5. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which includes a sodium	
10	alkylsulfate.	10
10	6. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim wherein the N-isobutyl- 2,6,8-decatrienamide is contained in at least one of the essential oils from	
	Spilanthes Acmella Linne var oleraceae Clarke, Spilanthes oleracea Jacquin and Erigeron Affinis D.C.	
15	7. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which includes 0.001—5	15
13	wt % of total weight of gambir, ginger and/or zanthoxylum.	
	8. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which comprises a base,	
	0.1—5 wt. of sodium olefinsulfonate, 0.001—5.0 wt. of N-isobutyl-2,6,8-	
	decatrienamide and 0.01—5 wt.% of menthol.	20
20	9. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim which comprises a base, 0.1—5 wt.% of sodium laurylsulfate, 0.001—5 wt.% of N-isobutyl-2,6,8-decatrien-	20
	amide and 0.01—5 wt.% of menthol. 10. A composition as claimed in any preceding claim in the form of a toothpaste.	
	11. A toothpaste substantially as described herein with reference to any one of	
25	the Examples.	25
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